## Annex D

## **OUTCOMES AND CHANGES**

## (In Descending Order by Participants' Perception of NDI's Contribution to Outcome)

- I. By adopting scientific methodologies and building a broad nonpartisan coalition, civil society has gained stakeholder confidence and power
  - 1. Enhanced credibility of public and stakeholder confidence in civil society
  - 2. Civil society gained power to balance that of parties and authorities
- II. Electoral Processes Are More Inclusive, Transparent and Free
  - 3. Cote d'Ivoire's election management body has been widely accepted by stakeholders
  - 4. Greater transparency (and confidence) in Electoral Process
  - 5. Stakeholders have a greater understanding of role of elections and election process
  - 6. Freer, more inclusive electoral process
- III. Dialogue between parties and party representatives takes place more frequently and easily
  - 7. Political parties sporadically seek and engage in dialogue with each other and/or civil society
  - 8. Youth can discuss politics peacefully and collaborate across party lines
  - 9. Tensions have lowered between youth from different political and religious backgrounds
  - 10. Some parties formed alliances around common goals or values
  - 11. Government has taken steps to further dialogue and reconciliation
  - 12. Legislative measures to facilitate reconciliation have advanced
- IV. Election-related violence (including provocative behavior such as hate speech) reduced
  - 13. Reduction of inflammatory / hate speech; stronger sense of fair-play in elections
  - 14. Election-related violence has diminished
  - 15. Youth used new capacities to prevent or mitigate political violence
- V. Civic and political consciousness of youth raised
  - 16. Greater political awareness among young tech workers and entrepreneurs, and desire to affect social change and prevent conflict
  - 17. Youth involved with reconciliation agencies
  - 18. Raised political awareness among youth

- VI. Civil Society Modernized by Employing New Technologies, Observation Methodologies and New Arrangements for Collaboration and Management
  - 19. Civil society capacity to prevent conflict built
  - 20. Greater collaboration among CSOs
  - 21. Civil society gained capacity to use new technology
  - 22. Capacity to conduct systematic election observation built
  - 23. Other capacities of civil society enhanced
- VII. Youth Participation in Politics Has Improved in Terms of Numbers and of Roles
  - 24. More youth are participating in political processes
  - 25. Youth capacity for political participation has grown
- VIII. Women are slowly gaining stature in politics, but have yet to make significant gains in electoral representation
  - 26. Women are taking on more important roles in politics
  - 27. More women are engaged in politics
- IX. Women's Appreciation of the Importance of Politics and Women's Participation Has Grown
  - 28. Greater political awareness, self-confidence and desire to participate exists among women
- X. Country is Peaceful Overall, but at Risk of Conflict
  - 29. Country is peaceful overall, but at risk of conflict

Youth Participation in Politics Has Improved in Terms of Numbers and of Roles

Women are slowly gaining stature in politics, but have yet to make significant gains in electoral representation

Women's Appreciation of the Importance of Politics and Women's Participation Has Grown

Electoral Processes Are More Inclusive, Transparent and Free

By adopting scientific methodologies and building a broad nonpartisan coalition, civil society has gained stakeholder confidence and power

Civil Society Modernized by Employing New Technologies, Observation Methodologies and New Arrangements for Collaboration and Management